



# Hedging > Use of the derivatives market or other contract (insurance) as a temporary substitute for an intended transaction in the cash market which will occur at a later date > Why would this be necessary? Cash prices change over time Agricultural Economics



## **Short vs. Long Hedging**

### > Short

- ✓ Using futures market as a temporary substitute for a cash market SALE that will take place at a later date
- ✓ Start by selling a futures contract and, after cash market SALE, offset futures by buying it back

Nebiaska EYTENSION

# **Short vs. Long Hedging**

### **≻**Long

- ✓ Using futures market as a temporary substitute for a cash market PURCHASE that will take place at a later date
- ✓ Start by buying a futures contract and, after cash market PURCHASE, offset futures by selling it back

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

## **Fed Cattle Futures Hedge**

- > On February 7, 2007, producer hedges 100 head of steers he plans to sell in August 2007 at 1200 lbs
- > August CME Live Cattle futures on Feb 7, 2007 is \$88.18/cwt
  - ✓ Expect basis in August to be -\$0.52/cwt
  - ✓ Commission = \$100/contract
- $\triangleright$  ESP = Futures Price + Basis Commission
- > ESP = \$88.18/cwt \$0.52/cwt \$0.25/cwt
- > ESP = \$87.41/cwt

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

	F	utures Hedge	19
ES	P = Fut + Basis -	Comm = \$88.18 + -\$0.52 - \$0	.25 = \$87.41
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Sell 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$79.48/cwt	Buy 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$80.00	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt
	Cash price received = \$79.48/cwt	Net on Futures = \$8.18/cwt	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt
	ASP = \$79.	48 + \$8.18 - \$0.25/cwt = \$8°	7.41
braska Ex	TENSION	Agric	cultural Economi

	F	utures Hedge	2
ES	P = Fut + Basis -	Comm = \$88.18 + -\$0.52 - \$0	.25 = \$87.41
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Sell 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$89.48/cwt	Buy 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$90.00	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt
	Cash price received = \$89.48/cwt	Net on Futures = -\$1.82/cwt	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt
	ASP = \$89.4	48 + -\$1.82 - \$0.25/cwt = \$8	7.41
biaska ey	TENSION	April	cuitural Economi

# Long Futures Hedge > On February 7, 2007, cattle feeder plans to purchase 10,000 bu corn in May Vants to protect against price increases > Hedge by buying May CBOT corn futures at \$4.12/bu Expect basis in May to be -\$0.20/bu Commission = \$100/contract EPP = Futures + Basis + Commission EPP = \$4.12/bu + -\$0.20/bu + \$0.02/bu EPP = \$3.94/bu Nebaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics

24

26

EPI	P = Futures + Ba	sis – Comm= \$4.12 + -\$0.20 +	\$0.02 = \$3.94
Date	Cash	Futures	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Buy 2 May 2007 CBOT Corn futures @ \$4.12/bu	Exp. 5-08 basis to be -\$0.20/bu
5-08- 2007	Buy 10,000 bu corn @ \$4.20/bu	Sell 2 May 2007 CBOT Corn futures @ \$4.40/bu	Actual 5-08 basis is -\$0.20/bu
	Cash price paid = \$4.20/bu	Net = \$0.28	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/bu
	APP =	\$4.20 - \$0.28 + \$0.02 = \$3.94	ļ

Date	Cash	Futures	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Buy 2 May 2007 CBOT Corn futures @ \$4.12/bu	Exp. 5-08 basis to be -\$0.20/bu
5-08- 2007	Buy 10,000 bu corn @ \$3.60/bu	Sell 2 May 2007 CBOT Corn futures @ \$3.80/bu	Actual 5-08 basis is -\$0.20/bu
	Cash price paid = \$3.60/bu	Net = -\$0.32	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/bu

# **Put Option**

➤ The BUYER has the RIGHT, but not the obligation, to SELL the underlying futures contract at a specified strike price at any time during the life of the option

Nebaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics

## **Call Option**

25

The BUYER has the RIGHT, but not the obligation, to BUY the underlying futures contract at a specified strike price at any time during the life of the option

Nebaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics

# **Option Premium**

➤ Option Premium is the price the buyer pays the seller for an option

- **▶** Premium is negotiated
  - ✓It is the price that is negotiated for the option in the open outcry market

Nebaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics

### **Option Premium**

Components of a premium:

- 1. Intrinsic value (IV) is the value of an option if it were to expire immediately
- 2. Time value (TV) is the amount by which the premium exceeds the option's intrinsic value

Total Option Premium (TOP) = IV + TV

Nebaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics

4

# Intrinsic Value (IV) Calculation Put Example

Prices on February 7, 2007

- > \$100/cwt March CME FC put premium = \$2.63/cwt
- > March CME FC futures = \$98.88/cwt
- > IV = \$100/cwt \$98.88/cwt = \$1.12/cwt
- $TV = \frac{32.63}{cwt} \frac{1.12}{cwt} = \frac{1.51}{cwt}$

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economica

### **Determinants of Option Premiums**

1. Changes in underlying futures price level 
✓ IV changes

Options are a secondary market in that the options market reacts to changes in the futures market

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

### **Determinants of Option Premiums**

- 2. Time remaining until option expiration
  - ✓ Probability option will expire in-the-money increases as time remaining until expiration increases
  - ✓ TV changes

Nebraska EXTENSION



Agricultural Economics

### **Determinants of Option Premiums**

- 3. Price volatility
  - ✓ Volatility measures how much underlying futures price varies
  - ✓ Increased volatility increases option premiums
  - ✓ Decreased volatility decreases option premiums

Vebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

### **Determinants of Option Premiums**

- 4. Interest Rates
  - ✓ Option purchases/sales are viewed as an investment
  - ✓ Increases in interest rates lead to small decline in option premiums
  - ✓ Interest rate impacts are usually small

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

# **Fed Cattle Options Hedge**

- > On February 7, 2007, producer hedges 100 head of steers he plans to sell in August 2007 at 1200 lbs
- > August CME Live Cattle futures on Feb 7, 2007 is \$88.18/cwt
- ➤ Buys \$84/cwt Aug CME LC put for \$1.85/cwt
  - ✓ Expect basis in August to be -\$0.52/cwt
  - ✓ Commission = \$100/contract
- > MESP = Strike Price Premium + Basis Commission
- $\rightarrow$  MESP = \$84.00/cwt \$1.85/cwt + -\$0.52/cwt \$0.25/cwt
- ➤ MESP = \$81.38/cwt

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economic

	(	Options H	ledge	34
MESP	= Strike - Prem +	Basis – Comm = \$8	34 - \$1.85 + -\$0.52	- \$0.25 = \$81.38
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Put Option	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Buy 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts @ \$1.85	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$79.48/cwt	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$80.00	Sell 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts @ \$4.00	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt
	Cash price received = \$79.48/cwt		Net on Put = \$2.15	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt
	ASP =	\$79.48 + \$2.15 - \$0.	25/cwt = \$81.38	
biaska	EXTENSION		Agricu	itural Economic

MESP	= Strike - Prem +	Basis - Comm = \$8	4 - \$1.85 + -\$0.52	- \$0.25 = \$81.38
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Put Option	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Buy 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts @ \$1.85	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$89.48/cwt	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$90.00	Let 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts expire	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt
	Cash price received = \$89.48/cwt		Net on Put = -\$1.85	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt
	ASP =	\$89.48 + -\$1.85 - \$0	.13/cwt = \$87.50	

Long Options Hedge

> On February 7, 2007, cattle feeder plans to purchase 10,000 bu corn in May

Vants to protect against price increases

May CBOT corn futures at \$4.12/bu

Buys \$4.20/bu May CBOT corn call at \$0.19/bu

Expect basis in May to be -\$0.20/bu

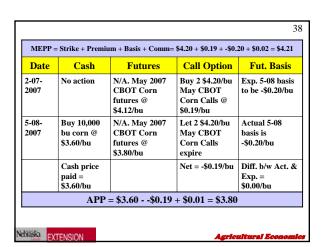
Commission = \$100/contract

MEPP = Strike Price + Premium + Basis + Commission

MEPP = \$4.20/bu + \$0.19/bu + -\$0.20/bu + \$0.02/bu

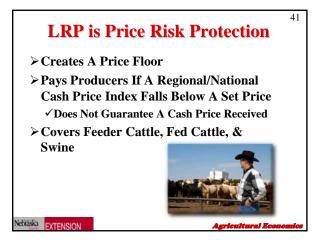
MEPP = \$4.21/bu

Date	Cash	Futures	Call Option	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	N/A. May 2007 CBOT Corn futures @ \$4.12/bu	Buy 2 \$4.20/bu May CBOT Corn Calls @ \$0.19/bu	Exp. 5-08 basis to be -\$0.20/bu
5-08- 2007	Buy 10,000 bu corn @ \$4.20/bu	N/A. May 2007 CBOT Corn futures @ \$4.40/bu	Sell 2 \$4.20/bu May CBOT Corn Calls @ \$0.20/bu	Actual 5-08 basis is -\$0.20/bu
	Cash price paid = \$4.20/bu		Net = \$0.01/bu	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/bu



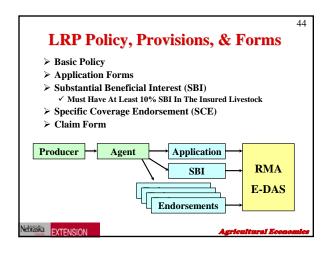






# Encourage Producers To Enroll > Once Enrolled, Producers Have The Right But Not The Obligation To Purchase Coverage > Coverage Obtained With A Specific Coverage Endorsement (SCE) > Livestock Has To Be In Eligible State ✓ Owners Can Be In Other States







### Coverage

- > Coverage Available About 5pm To 9am CST
  - ✓ Available Sat Mornings Until 9am, But Not Sun, Mon, & Holidays
- **≻** Coverage Initiated With Specific Coverage **Endorsement (SCE)** 
  - **✓ No Limit On Number Of SCEs**
- **▶** Producers Have Flexibility On The:
  - **✓ Timing Of Purchase**
  - **✓Time Length Of The SCE**
  - ✓ Number Of Head Covered

lebraska EXTENSION

### **Eligible Livestock** > Feeder Cattle ✓ Feeder Steers, Bulls, & Heifers < 600 lbs ✓ Feeder Steers & Heifers From 600-900 lbs ✓ Includes Dairy & Brahman Breeds ➤ Fed Cattle ✓ Steers & Heifers ✓ Select Or Higher, Yield Grade 1-3 ✓ Weight: 1,000-1,400 lbs ✓ Market Hogs

✓ Weight: 150-225 lbs (Carcass), 203-304 lbs (Live)

### lebraska EXTENSION

**>** Swine

# **Limitations On Number Of Head Insured**

	Swine	Fed Cattle	Feeder Cattle
Per SCE	10,000	2,000	1,000
Per Crop Year	32,000	4,000	2,000
July 1-June 30	32,000	4,000	2,000



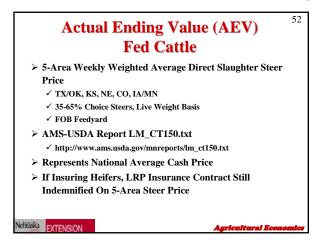
### **Endorsement Lengths** LRP Endorsement Lengths LRP Fed Cattle LRP Feeder Cattle Days Weeks Days Weeks Days Month: 13 17 21 26 30 34 39 43 13 17 21 26 30 119 147 119 147 119 21 147 182 210 182 210 182 238 273 301 8 9 10 Nebraska EXTENSION

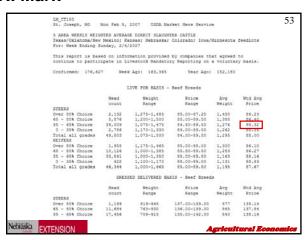
# LRP "Terminology"

- > Expected Ending Value (EEV)
  - √ The Expected National/Regional Cash Index
  - **✓ Depends On Futures Prices & Endorsement End Date**
- **≻**Coverage Prices
  - ✓ Range From 70% To 95% Of EEV
- Cost Per CWT
  - **✓** Cost Per CWT = Coverage Price X Rate
- **▶** Actual Ending Value (AEV)
- **▶Indemnity If AEV Less Than Coverage Price**

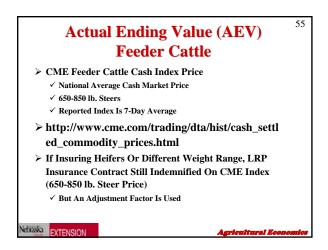
Nebraska EXTENSION

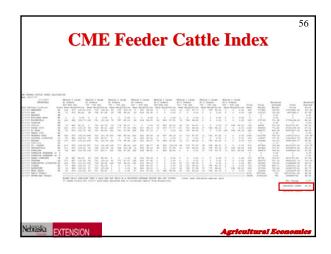


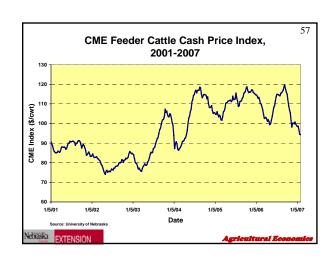




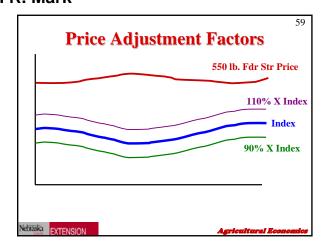


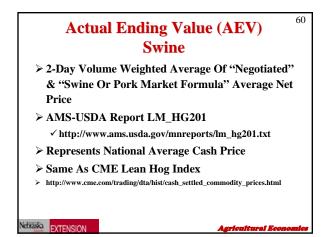


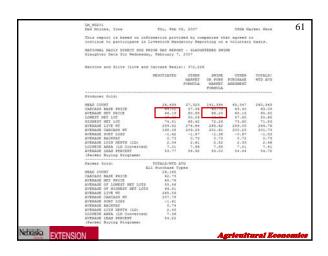


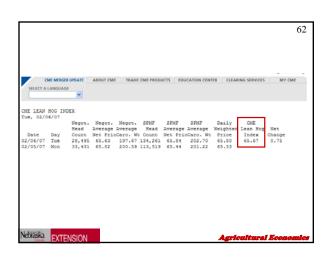


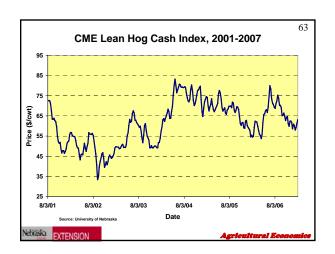
Weight	Steers	Heifers	Brahman	Dairy
v eight	Weight 1	Weight 1	Weight 1	Weight 1
< 600 lbs	110%	100%	100%	100%
	Steers	Heifers	Brahman	Dairy
Weight				
Weight	Weight 2	Weight 2	Weight 2	Weight 2

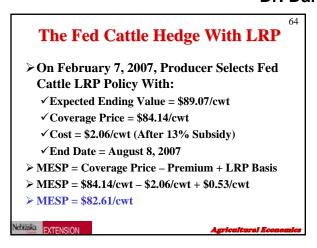


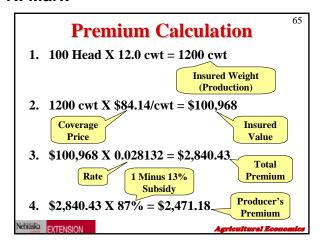


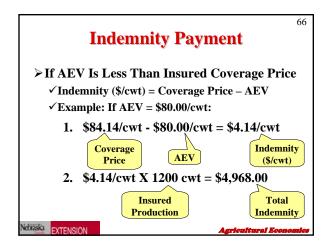


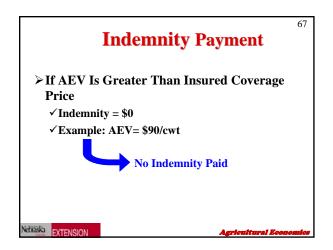












Date	Cash	LRP Insurance	LRP Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Buy LRP With \$84.14/cwt Coverage Price For \$2.06/cwt	Exp. 8-08 basis to be \$0.53/cwt
		<b>EEV</b> = \$89.07/cwt	
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @	LRP Indemnity (AEV <cp) \$4.14="" =="" cwt<="" td=""><td>Actual 8-08 basis is \$0.53/cwt</td></cp)>	Actual 8-08 basis is \$0.53/cwt
	\$80.53/cwt	<b>AEV</b> = \$80.00/cwt	
	Cash price received = \$80.53/cwt	Net on LRP= \$2.08/cwt	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt

Date	Cash	LRP Insurance	LRP Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Buy LRP With \$84.14/cwt Coverage Price For \$2.06/cwt	Exp. 8-08 basis to be \$0.53/cwt
		EEV = \$89.07/cwt	_
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @	LRP Indemnity (AEV>CP) = \$0.00/cwt	Actual 8-08 basis is \$0.53/cwt
	\$90.53/cwt	$\mathbf{AEV} = \$90.00/\mathrm{cwt}$	
	Cash price received = \$90.53/cwt	Net on LRP= -\$2.06/cwt	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt

# What Were The Alternatives To This LRP Hedge? > Futures Hedging √02/07/07 - Aug 07 LC Futures = \$88.88/cwt ✓ Adjust For Basis (-\$0.52/cwt) ✓ Higher Protected Price ✓ Maximum Price Also Established > Options Hedging—Buying Puts ✓ Adjust For Basis ✓ Establishes Minimum Price, No Maximum Price

Nebraska EXTENSION

	F	utures Hedge	7.
ES	P = Fut + Basis -	Comm = \$88.18 + -\$0.52 - \$0	.25 = \$87.41
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Fut. Basis
2-07- 2007	No action	Sell 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$79.48/cwt	Buy 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$80.00	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt
	Cash price received = \$79.48/cwt	Net on Futures = \$8.18/cwt	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt
	ASP = \$79.	48 + \$8.18 - \$0.25/cwt = \$8°	7.41
ebiaska EX	TENSION	Agric	cultural Economic

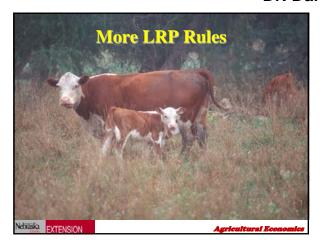
	F	utures Hedge	7	
ESP = Fut + Basis - Comm = \$88.18 + -\$0.52 - \$0.25 = \$87.41				
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Fut. Basis	
2-07- 2007	No action	Sell 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt	
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$89.48/cwt	Buy 3 Aug 07 LC futures @ \$90.00	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt	
	Cash price received = \$89.48/cwt	Net on Futures = -\$1.82/cwt	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt	
	ASP = \$89.4	48 + -\$1.82 - \$0.25/cwt = \$8	7.41	
biaska EX	TENSION	Agric	cultural Econom	

MESP	SP = Strike - Prem + Basis - Comm = \$84 - \$1.85 + -\$0.52 - \$0.25 = \$81.38					
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Put Option	Fut. Basis		
2-07- 2007	No action	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Buy 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts @ \$1.85	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt		
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$79.48/cwt	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$80.00	Sell 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts @ \$4.00	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt		
	Cash price received = \$79.48/cwt		Net on Put = \$2.15	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt		
	ASP =	\$79.48 + \$2.15 - \$0.	25/cwt = \$81.38			

		Options H	ledge	74	
MESP = Strike - Prem + Basis - Comm = \$84 - \$1.85 + -\$0.52 - \$0.25 = \$81.38 + -\$0.52 - \$0.25 = \$0.25 + -\$0					
Date	Cash	Futures Market	Put Option	Fut. Basis	
2-07- 2007	No action	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$88.18	Buy 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts @ \$1.85	Exp. 8-08 basis to be -\$0.52/cwt	
8-08- 2007	Sell 100 head of 1200 lb. steers @ \$89.48/cwt	N/A. Aug 07 LC futures @ \$90.00	Let 3 \$84 Aug LC Puts expire	Actual 8-08 basis is -\$0.52/cwt	
	Cash price received = \$89.48/cwt		Net on Put = -\$1.85	Diff. b/w Act. & Exp. = \$0.00/cwt	
	ASP =	\$89.48 + -\$1.85 - \$0	.13/cwt = \$87.50		

Put Options vs. LRP

1. Both protect floor selling prices
2. Strike prices are not directly comparable
3. Expiration dates are not exactly the same
4. Puts are American options & LRP is European type option
5. K-State research indicates that, after correcting for these differences, the premiums are about the same



# **Coverage Limitations**

➤ Policy Provides Coverage To Protect Against Price Declines During Insurance Period

> Policy Does Not Cover Any Other Peril, Including Mortality, Condemnations, Physical Damage, Disease, Individual Marketing Decisions, Local Price Aberrations, Or Any Other Cause Of Loss Other Than Stated

Nebiaska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economica

### **Offsetting Transactions**

- > The Use Of Futures Or Options To Negate The Benefits Of The LRP Coverage
- ➤ Producers Must Certify That They Have Not Entered Into Offsetting Transaction
- > Producers Can Still Use Futures & Options
- **Examples Of Offsetting Transaction:** 
  - ✓ Writing A Put On Covered Livestock
  - ✓ Buying A Futures (Going Long) On Covered Livestock

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

# **Verification of Ownership**

> Upon Company Request Or Request Of Any USDA Employee, Insured Must Provide Documents Verifying Ownership Of Insured's Share Of Livestock Identified In SCE

Nebiasia Everenous

Agricultural Economica

# Verification of Ownership

- **➤ Documents Proving Ownership** 
  - **✓ Bills Of Sale From Prior Owners Or Others**
  - ✓ Financing Documents Covering Insured Livestock
  - **✓Written 3rd Party Statements** 
    - > Feed Suppliers Or Veterinarians
    - >Must Have Visited The Farm Or Ranch, Visually Identified The Livestock & Can Attest To Insured's Ownership

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

### **Indemnity Payments for Losses**

- ➤ To Receive Indemnity (Loss Payment) You Must Submit Claim Form Within 60 Days Following End Date
- ➤ Indemnity Payment Shall Be Made Within 60 Days Following Company Receipt Of Properly Executed Claim Form

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economica

13

**Availability** 

**➤ Sales Will Be Suspended When:** 

- ✓ At Least 4 Of The Underlying CME Live Cattle Futures Contracts Trade To The Daily Price Limit For Two Consecutive Days
- ✓ Events Occur That May Change Market Conditions That Were Used To Rate LRP
- **≻**Sales Will Be Resumed When:
  - ✓There Have Been At Least 2 Consecutive Days Without There Being 4 Or More Of The Underlying CME Live Cattle Futures Contracts Trading To The Daily Price Limit

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

### **Expiration of Coverage**

Coverage Under SCE Continues Until The End Date If You:

- > Dispose Of Any Part Of Your Insured Share During Last 30 Days Of Coverage; And,
- > Provide Written Notice Within 72 Hours Of Occurrence, Of:
  - ✓ Livestock Seized, Quarantined Or Destroyed By Order Of Any Government Agency
  - ✓ Livestock Not Deliverable Due To Death Or Disease

ebiaska EXTENSION

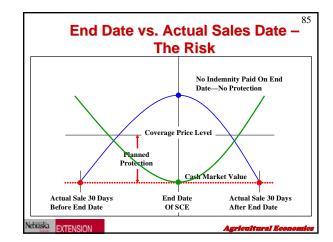
Agricultural Economics

## **Termination Of Coverage**

- ➤ If Any Portion Of Insured Livestock Is Disposed Of Prior To Last 30 Days Of Coverage, Then
  - **✓ That Portion Of The Coverage Will Terminate**
  - ✓ No Indemnity Will Be Paid For That Portion
  - ✓ No Premium For That Portion Will Be Refunded
- ➤ An Exception Is Allowed For Transfer Of Coverage

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics



# Change In AEV Relative To 30 Days Ago (2001-2006)

	Average (\$/cwt)	Largest Decrease (\$/cwt)	Largest Increase (\$/cwt)
Swine AEV (CME Index)	-0.16	19.10	16.14
Fed Cattle AEV (5-Area Price)	0.13	25.56	18.57
Feeder Cattle AEV (CME Index)	0.14	15.26	10.01

Nebraska EXTENSION

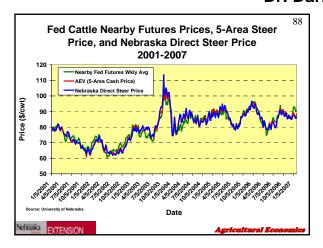
Agricultural Economics

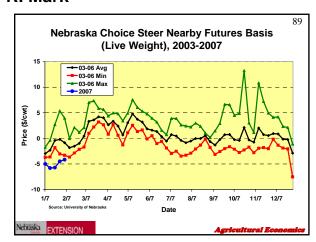
### **Basis To Consider For LRP**

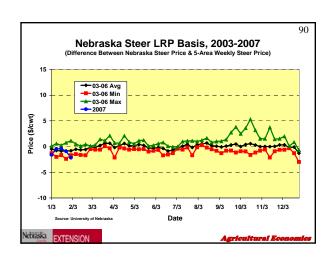
- ➤ Futures Basis = Local Cash Price Futures Price
- ► LRP Basis = Local Cash Price AEV
  - ✓ Difference Between Local Selling Price & Actual Ending Value Of LRP Insurance Contract
- > AEV
  - ✓ Feeder Cattle CME Feeder Cattle Cash Index
  - ✓ Fed Cattle 5 Area Weighted Avg Weekly Steer Price
  - ✓ Swine CME Lean Hog Cash Index (2-Day Volume Weighted Avg Of Negotiated & Swine/Pork Market Formula Price)

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economica



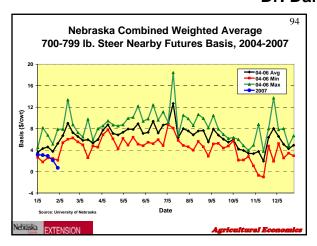


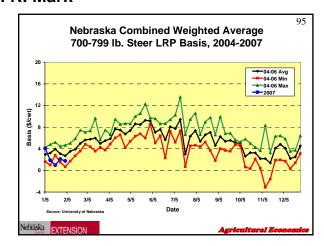


Nebraska Direct Steer Price  2.34  0.90  Nebraska Direct		Futures Basis	LRP Basis
Nebraska Direct 220 0.82		2.34	0.90
Heifer Price 2.20 0.83		2.20	0.83
ICHO I IICO	icher 111cc		

		rect Stee es Basis		
	LRP Basis (\$/cwt)	Futures Basis (\$/cwt)	LRP Basis (\$/cwt)	Futures Basis (\$/cwt)
	Ste	ers	Hei	fers
Mean	-0.10	0.20	0.04	0.34
Minimum	-2.99	-7.52	-2.34	-4.85
Maximum	5.32	13.24	4.17	12.09
Std. Dev.	1.01	2.97	0.90	2.80







# Average Standard Deviation Of Weekly Futures & LRP Basis (2004-06)

	<b>Futures Basis</b>	LRP Basis
Neb. 500-600 lb. Steer	4.25	3.75
Neb. 600-700 lb. Steer	3.04	2.76
Neb. 700-800 lb. Steer	2.15	2.06
Neb. 800-900 lb. Steer	2.64	2.17

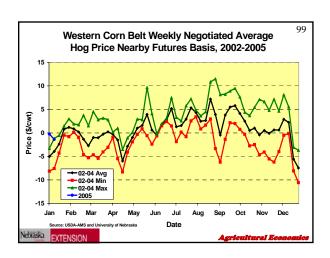
Nebiaska EXTENSION Agricultus

Nebraska	ı Feed	ler Ste	er LR	P &
Future	es Bas	is, 200	4-200	6
	Mean (\$/cwt)	Minimum (\$/cwt)	Maximum (\$/cwt)	Std. Dev. (\$/cwt)
500-600 lb.				
LRP Basis	13.74	-0.13	32.13	7.35
Futures Basis	25.70	11.82	47.13	7.23
600-700 lb.				
LRP Basis	13.49	3.06	23.48	4.67
Futures Basis	14.63	5.02	26.60	4.72
700-800 lb.				
LRP Basis	5.30	-3.13	13.58	2.78
Futures Basis	6.43	-1.02	18.43	2.81
800-900 lb.				
LRP Basis	-0.28	-7.78	7.18	2.69
Futures Basis	0.86	-7.69	12.03	3.17

### **Basis Risk Conclusion**

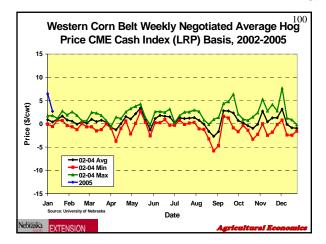
- > LRP-Feeder Cattle Users Still Exposed To Basis Risk
  - ✓ It Reduces The Basis Risk By Changes Between Futures & The CME Index
  - ✓ But Retains Risk Of Changes Between Your Selling Price & The CME Index (AEV)
  - ✓ Still Exposed To LRP Basis Risk
- > Weekly Variation In LRP Basis Slightly Less Than Weekly Variation In Futures Basis
- Variation In LRP Basis Over Time About Same As Variation In Futures Basis Over Time
  - ✓ Less Variation in LRP Basis For Heavier Weights

Nebaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics



# "Livestock Insurance Alternatives For Risk Management" February 15 to March 6, 2007

Dr. Darrell R. Mark



	<b>Futures Basis</b>	LRP Basis
IA/S. Minn Base	2.49	1.18
IA/S. Minn Net	2.52	1.16
WCB Base	2.48	1.04
WCB Net	2.56	1.26
ECB Base	2.28	0.96
ECB Net	2.39	1.16
National Base	2.59	0.82
National Net	2.68	1.09

	Swine 1	LRP 8	Futu	res Ba	ısis,	102
		200	<b>1-200</b> 4	ļ		
		Mean (\$/cwt)	Minimum (\$/cwt)	Maximum (\$/cwt)	Std. Dev. (\$/cwt)	
	WCB Base					
	LRP Basis	-2.73	-7.89	1.62	1.43	
	Futures Basis	-2.83	-12.93	8.42	3.64	
	IA/S. Minn Base					
	LRP Basis	-2.91	-12.37	1.31	1.75	
	Futures Basis	-3.01	-15.87	8.29	3.93	
	ECB Base					
	LRP Basis	-3.13	-8.48	-0.24	1.23	
	Futures Basis	-3.23	-12.66	9.22	3.63	
	National Base					
	LRP Basis	-1.48	-3.94	2.52	1.15	
	Futures Basis	-1.59	-9.75	10.37	3.59	
ebraska	EXTENSION			Agrica	ultural Ecos	nomics

### **Basis Risk Conclusion—Swine**

- > LRP-Swine Users Can Reduce Exposure To Basis Risk
  - ✓It Reduces The Basis Risk By Changes Between Futures & The Cash Index
  - ✓But Retains Risk Of Changes Between Your Selling Price & The CME Cash Index (AEV)
  - ✓ Still Exposed To LRP Basis Risk
- > Weekly Variation In LRP Basis Less Than Weekly Variation In Futures Basis
- LRP Basis Over Time Is Less Variable
- > To Further Reduce LRP Basis Risk, Utilize WCB, Or ECB Base Price

Nebraska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economic

105

### **Basis Risk Reduction With LRP**

- Swine and Fed Cattle Get Biggest Reduction In Basis Risk
- ➤ Little Basis Risk Reduction For Feeder Cattle

Nebiaska EXTENSION Agricultural Economics

### LRP Benefits for Producers

- ➤ Guaranteed Cost & Coverage
  - ✓ Set For Day & No Bid/Ask Spread
- ➤ "After Hours" Price Protection
- ➤ No Commission Costs, Brokerage Accounts
- ➤ Partial Basis Risk Coverage
  - ✓ Indemnifies On A Cash Index
- ➤ Any Number Of Head Can Be Covered
  - $\checkmark \ Even \ 1 \ Head \ (Up \ To \ Program \ Limits)$
- > LRP Is An Insurance Policy & Not A Derivative (Preferred By Bankers)

Nebiaska EXTENSION

Agricultural Economics

104

## LRP Disadvantages

- **≻Some Basis Risk Still Exists**
- **▶** Policy Settled On Ending Date Regardless Of When Livestock Ready For Market
- > Options May Be Sold Prior To Expiration **Date If Livestock Sold Or Price Opportunity**
- > Offsetting Transactions Restrictions Could **Limit Common Marketing Strategies**

Nebraska EXTENSION

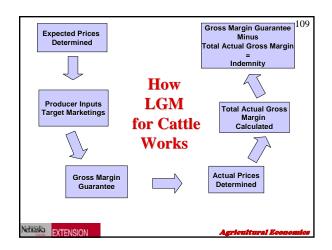


## **Livestock Gross Margin Insurance For Cattle**

- > Offers protection against decline in feeding margin
- ➤ Gross Margin = market value of fed cattle less feeder cattle and corn costs



Nebraska EXTENSION



# LGM for Cattle Available in 20 States One Of For cattle intended for commercial or private slaughter Nebraska EXTENSION

## **Substantial Beneficial Interest** (SBI) ➤ Must Have At Least 10% Interest ➤ A Spouse Of An Applicant/Insured Will **Have Substantial Beneficial Interest In The Applicant/Insured Unless Spouse Proves: ✓** The Insured Class Is In A Totally Separate **Farming Operation** ✓ Spouse Derives No Benefit From The Farming **Operation Of The Applicant/Insured**

111

Nebiaska EXTENSION

LGM for Cattle Available For:

1. Yearling Finishing Operation

Finished weight = 1250 lbs

In-weight = 750 lbs

Sometiment on the control of the cattle finished sales month

Calf Finishing Operation

Finished weight = 1150 lbs

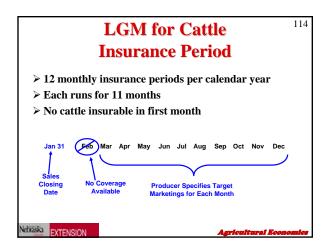
In-weight = 550 lbs

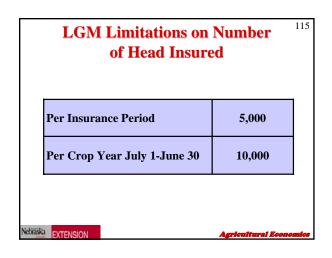
Sometiment on feed

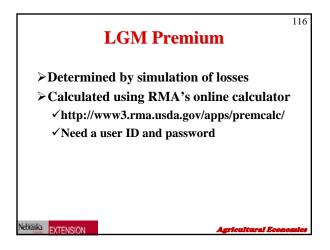
Corn price = price 4 months prior to cattle finished sales month

Agricultural Economics

# LGM Sales Period > Sold on last business day of every month RMA must first validate price data used to calculate Gross Margin Guarantee (GMG) Validation occurs after the futures market closes on last day of price discovery period Sale period ends at 9:00 am CST the next business day Agricultural Economics







LGM Deductibles

>\$0 to \$150 per head at the insured's option

√In \$10 per head increments

**LGM Indemnity** 

- **➤** Difference between the Gross Margin Guarantee (GMG) and total Actual Gross Margin (AGM), if positive, at the end of the insurance period
- > LGM for Cattle uses adjusted futures prices to determine expected and actual gross margins ✓ Includes state- and month-specific basis levels

# **LGM Example**

- ➤ January 31, 2007 sales closing date
- > Yearling finishing operation in Nebraska
- ➤ August 2007 target marketing month
- > Determine the indemnity that would be due to producers for that month
  - √ Total indemnity determined based on sum of target marketings in 11-month insurance period

119

# **Expected Gross Margin (EGM)**

**▶** Yearling Finishing Operation

 $\geq$  EGM<sub>t</sub> = (12.50 cwt X Live Cattle Price<sub>t</sub>)

- (7.50 cwt X Feeder Cattle Price<sub>t-5</sub>) - (57.5 bu X Corn Price, 2)

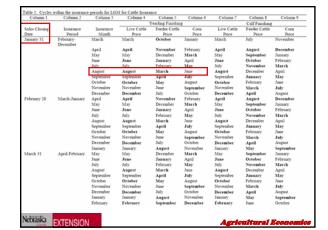
**➤** Calf Finishing Operation

>EGM<sub>t</sub> = (11.50 cwt X Live Cattle Price<sub>t</sub>)

- (5.50 cwt X Feeder Cattle Price,...)

- (54.5 bu X Corn Price<sub>t-4</sub>)

Webraska EXTENSION



# **Expected Live Cattle Price**

> Expected August Live Cattle Price as of Jan

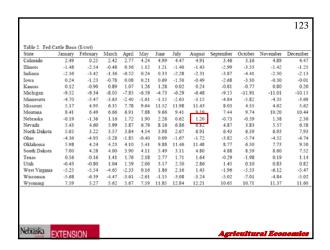
>August 2007 CME LC Futures Price:

\$87.65 **≻1-29** \$87.45 **≻1-30** 

▶1-31 \$88.00 >3-day Ave \$87.70

➤ Nebraska August LC Basis (LGM) = ??

Nebraska EXTENSION



Expected Live Cattle Price

Expected August Live Cattle Price as of Jan

August 2007 CME LC Futures Price:

1-29 \$87.65

1-30 \$87.45

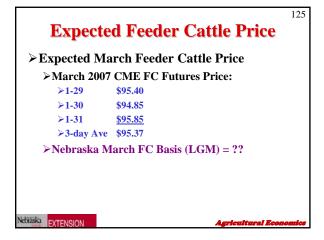
1-31 \$88.00

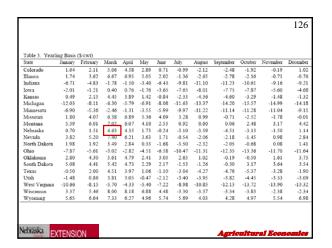
3-day Ave \$87.70

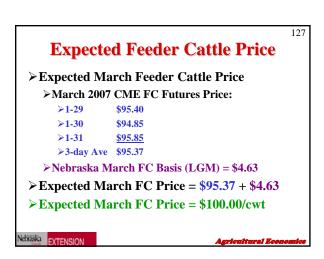
Nebraska August LC Basis (LGM) = \$1.20

Expected August LC Price = \$87.70 + \$1.20

Expected August LC Price = \$88.90/cwt







128 **Expected Corn Price ►** Expected June Corn Price ➤ May 2007 CBOT Corn Futures Price: ▶1-29 \$4.115 **≻1-30** \$4.1625 **≻1-31** \$4.1575 ≥3-day Ave \$4.15 **▶ July 2007 CBOT Corn Futures Price:** ▶1-29 \$4.185 ▶1-30 \$4.225 **≻1-31** \$4.225 >3-day Ave \$4.21 Nebraska EXTENSION

Expected Corn Price

Expected June Corn Price (a weighted average)

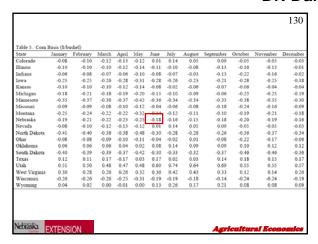
= (1/2 x Expected May Corn Futures Price)

+ (1/2 x Expected July Corn Futures Price)

= (1/2 x \$4.15/bu) + (1/2 x \$4.21/bu)

= \$4.18/bu

Nebraska June Corn Basis (LGM) = ??





Expected Gross Margin (EGM)

> Yearling Finishing Operation

> EGM<sub>Aug</sub> = (12.50 cwt X Exp Live Cattle Price<sub>Aug</sub>)
- (7.50 cwt X Exp Feeder Cattle Price<sub>Mar</sub>)
- (57.5 bu X Exp Corn Price<sub>Jun</sub>)

> EGM<sub>Aug</sub> = (12.50 cwt X \$88.90/cwt)
- (7.50 cwt X \$100.00/cwt)
- (57.5 bu X \$4.00/bu)

> EGM<sub>Aug</sub> = \$1111.25 - \$750.00 - \$230.00

> EGM<sub>Aug</sub> = \$131.25

Gross Margin Guarantee
(GMG) for August

> GMG = EGM - Deductible
> Deductible
> \$0 to \$150 per head at the insured's option
> Let's use a \$0/head deductible
> GMG = \$131.25-\$0
> GMG = \$131.25

Gross Margin Guarantee (GMG)

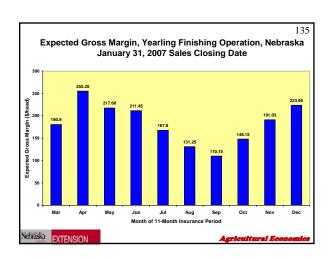
➤ This process is done for each month of the 11-month insurance period

➤ The sum of the target marketings times the EGM (less deductible) for each month is the Gross Margin Guarantee (GMG)

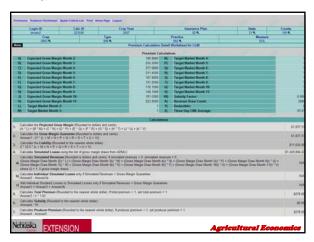
✓ Deductible is the same for each month

✓ Remember, can't have target marketings in the first month

➤ GMG is based on 10 months of marketings



# 



Gross Margin Guarantee (GMG)

➤ If you have 1 head of target marketings each month:

✓ GMG = \$1,837.50 (\$0 deductible)

✓ Premium = \$278.00

➤ If total AGM falls below \$1,837.50, an indemnity makes up the difference

✓ AGM is based on LGM's actual prices (not the actual prices producer receives or pays)

Actual Gross Margin (AGM)

> Yearling Finishing Operation

> AGM<sub>Aug</sub> = (12.50 cwt X Act Live Cattle Price<sub>Aug</sub>)

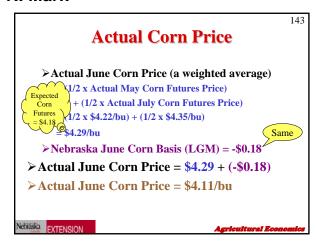
- (7.50 cwt X Act Feeder Cattle Price<sub>Mar</sub>)

- (57.5 bu X Act Corn Price<sub>Jun</sub>)

140 **Actual Live Cattle Price** ➤ Actual August Live Cattle Price ➤ August 2007 CME LC Futures Price: 0-28-07 Suppose >8-29-07 >8-20 >8-28-07 \$85.755 Expected LC \$86.025 Futures = \$86.055 \$87.70 >3-day Ave \$85.95 ○ Same ➤ Nebraska August LC Basis (LGM) = \$1.20 > Actual August LC Price = \$85.95 + \$1.20 > Actual August LC Price = \$87.15/cwt Nebraska EXTENSION

141 **Actual Feeder Cattle Price** > Actual March Feeder Cattle Price ➤ March 2007 CME FC Futures Price: \$103.425 >3-27-07 Expected FC >3-28-07 \$103,725 Futures = >3-29-07 \$103.50 \$95.37 ≽3-day Ave \$103.55 ∘ ○ ► Nebraska March FC Basis (LGM) = \$4.63 > Actual March FC Price = \$103.55 + \$4.63 > Actual March FC Price = \$108.18/cwt Nebraska EXTENSION





Actual Gross Margin (AGM)

> Yearling Finishing Operation

> AGM<sub>Aug</sub> = (12.50 cwt X Act Live Cattle Price<sub>Aug</sub>)

- (7.50 cwt X Act Feeder Cattle Price<sub>Mar</sub>)

- (57.5 bu X Act Corn Price<sub>Jun</sub>)

> AGM<sub>Aug</sub> = (12.50 cwt X \$87.15/cwt)

- (7.50 cwt X \$108.18/cwt)

- (57.5 bu X \$4.11/bu)

> AGM<sub>Aug</sub> = \$1089.375 - \$811.35 - \$236.325

> AGM<sub>Aug</sub> = \$41.70

Indemnity In August...

> Indemnity = GMG<sub>Aug</sub> - AGM<sub>Aug</sub> (if positive)

> Indemnity = \$131.25 - \$41.70 > 0

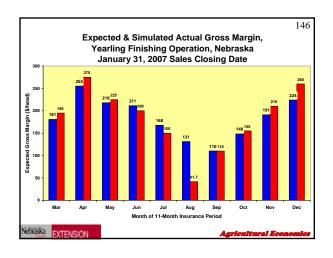
> Indemnity = \$89.55 per head

Important Note...

> Indemnity is actually figured for whole 11-month insurance period

> Indemnity = GMG - total AGM

> This averages margins out over entire year



Indemnity?

> Again, this example assumes one head of target marketings each month

> GMG = \$1,837.51

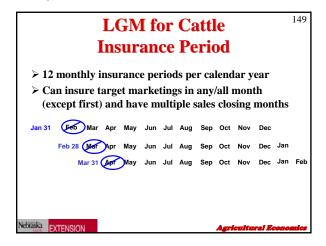
> AGM = \$1,821.70

> Indemnity = \$15.81 (total, not per head)

# What Happens If Cattle Die?

- ➤ If less than 75% of total target marketings for the 11-month insurance period are sold, the indemnity is reduced by the percent actual marketings fall below target marketings
- ➤ If 75%+ are sold in the 11-month period, even in different months than specified under target marketings, indemnity remains the same

Nebiaska SXTENSION Agricultural Economics



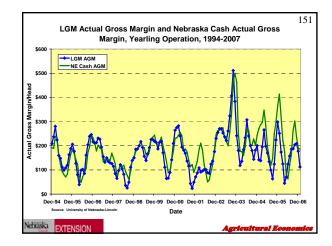
### There Is A Basis Issue...

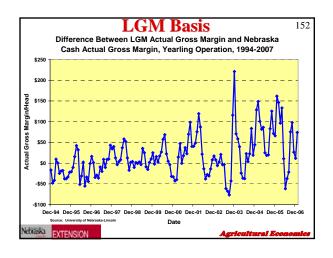
- > LGM indemnities determined based on futures prices and fixed basis
- Producers will realize a different basis for fed cattle, feeder cattle, and corn than the LGM basis (which is derived from 10-year historical NASS cash prices)
  - ✓ Producers' realized AGM is different than LGM's AGM
- > LGM's margins don't account for differences in feed amounts and other costs
  - ✓ LGM doesn't insure net feeding profits

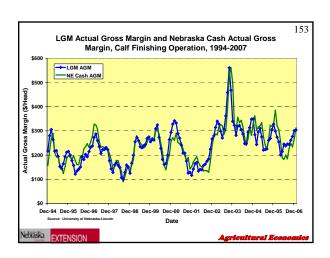
Nebraska EXTENSION

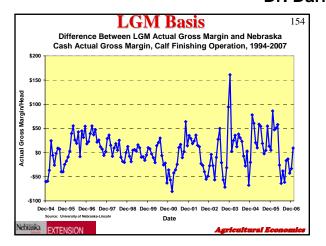
Agricultural Economics

150

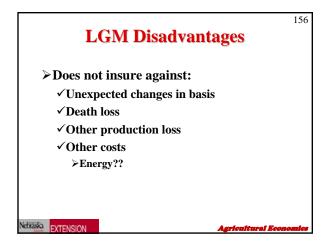










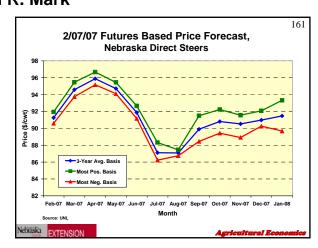


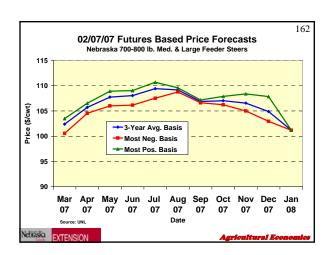


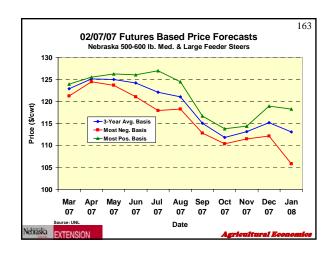
	Futures	Options	LRP	LGM
Protect Downside Price Risk?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Prevent Upside Price Potential?	Yes	No	No	No
Basis Risk Protection?	No	No	Some	Some
Brokerage Account Needed?	Yes	Yes	No	No
Hedge Sale Prices?	Yes	Yes	Yes	In the Margin
Hedge Purchase Prices?	Yes	Yes	No	In the Margin

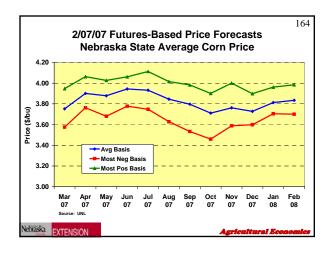
res Ves	Options Yes No	No Yes Variable	No Yes
No .	No	Yes	Yes
xed	Fived	Variable	
	FIACU	variable	Variable
No	No	Yes	Yes
gular t Hours M	Regular Iarket Hours	5 pm - 9 am, Tues-Sat	Last Day of Month
sible	Possible	No	No
uires Itiple	Requires Multiple Positions	Only In Tandem With Futures/Options	Yes
	uires	uires Requires tiple Multiple	uires Requires Only In Tandem tiple Multiple With

# Can I Buy LRP and LGM Insurance During the Same Crop Year? > Yes → If it is NOT on the same cattle at the same time > No → If it is on the same cattle at the same time > A producer could have feeder cattle LRP, and once the SCE expires and it is cancelled with the insurance company, producer could then purchase LGM insurance











Feeding Steer Calves		
> Feb 7, 2007 → At \$3.75/bu Corn		
■ 550 lb × \$120/cwt	\$660	
■ 650 lb gain × \$70.67/cwt	<b>\$459</b>	
■ Total Cost	\$1,119	
■ Break-even \$1,119÷1,200=	\$93.28	
> Feb 7, 2007 → At \$4.00/bu Corn		
■ 550 lb × \$100/cwt	\$660	
■ 650 lb gain × \$73.84/cwt	\$476	
■ Total Cost	\$1,136	
■ Break-even \$1,136÷1,200=	\$94.63	
Nebiaska EXTENSION	Agricultural Economics	

Can You Hedge The Cattle You Fed?	
➤ Yearling Steers	
■ In-Date	2/7/2007
<ul><li>Breakeven</li></ul>	\$88.54-89.54
<ul><li>Out-Date</li></ul>	7/6/2007
<b>≻Steer Calves</b>	
■ In-Date	2/7/2007
<ul><li>Breakeven</li></ul>	\$93.28-94.63
<ul><li>Out-Date</li></ul>	9/4/2007
Nebiaska EXTENSION	Agricultural Economics

What Should You Do?

1. Calculate breakeven cost of production
2. Determine what prices are risky to you
3. Identify which tools can protect against those risks
4. Evaluate how much of the risk can be offset by the tool(s) you select
5. Decide whether you need protection & implement hedge if you do

